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TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20554

In the Matter of: : CC Docket Petition of WorldCom, Inc., Pursuant : No. 00-218 to Section 252(e)(5) of the Communications Act for Expedited Preemption of the Jurisdiction of the Virginia State Corporation Commission Regarding Interconnection Disputes with Verizon Virginia, Inc., and for Expedited Arbitration In the Matter of: : CC Docket Petition of Cox Virginia Telecom, Inc., : No. 00-249 Pursuant to Section 252(e)(5) of the Communications Act for Preemption of the Jurisdiction of the Virginia State Corporation Commission Regarding Interconnection Disputes with Verizon Virginia, Inc., and for Arbitration In the Matter of: : CC Docket Petition of AT&T Communications of : No. 00-251 Virginia, Inc., Pursuant to Section 252(e)(5) of the Communications Act for Preemption of the Jurisdiction of the Virginia Corporation Commission : Regarding Interconnection Disputes with : Verizon Virginia, Inc.

Pages 939 thru 1298

Washington, D.C. October 9, 20001

MILLER REPORTING COMPANY, INC.

735 8th Street, S.E. Washington, D.C. 20003 (202) 546-6666

Before the

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20554

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Petition of WorldCom, Inc., Pursuant	:No. 00-218
to Section 252(e)(5) of the	:
Communications Act for Expedited	:
Preemption of the Jurisdiction of the	:
Virginia State Corporation Commission	:
Regarding Interconnection Disputes	:
with Verizon Virginia, Inc., and for	:
Expedited Arbitration	:
	:
In the Matter of:	:CC Docket
Petition of Cox Virginia Telecom, Inc.,	:No. 00-249
Pursuant to Section 252(e)(5) of the	:
Communications Act for Preemption	:
of the Jurisdiction of the Virginia	:
State Corporation Commission Regarding	:
Interconnection Disputes with Verizon	:
Virginia, Inc., and for Arbitration	:
	:
In the Matter of:	:CC Docket
Petition of AT&T Communications of	:No. $00-251$
Virginia, Inc., Pursuant to Section	:
252(e)(5) of the Communications Act	:
for Preemption of the Jurisdiction	:
of the Virginia Corporation Commission	:
Regarding Interconnection Disputes with	:
Verizon Virginia, Inc.	:
	:
	x Volume 4

Tuesday, October 9, 2001 Washington, D.C.

The hearing in the above-entitled matter came on, pursuant to Notice, at 9:35 a.m.

BEFORE:

DOROTHY ATTWOOD, Arbitrator

KATHERINE FARROBA, Staff

JEFFREY DYGERT, Staff

JOHN STANLEY, Staff

FCC Staff Members:

HENRY THAGGART

CATHY CARPINO

WILLIAM KEHOE

PRAVEEN GOYAL

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JONATHAN REEL

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AT&T No. 29	949	949
Verizon No. 45	958	967
Verizon No. 46	965	967
Verizon No. 47	991	994
AT&T No. 30		1005
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AT&T No. 35	1182	1202

PROCEEDINGS

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MR. DYGERT: Good morning, everyone. 3 Thank you, Jodie and Jenner & Block, for $4 \parallel$ accommodating us when we do not do that at the 5 | Commission. I quess today we are ready to start 6 with the architecture issue, but first you had a couple of preliminary matters to go through.

Yes. Cox has two MR. HARRINGTON: The first is that today we 9 preliminary matters. 10 are filing the letter with the Commission, which is 11 distributed to the Commission staff and the other 12 parties except for WorldCom because I ran out of 13 | copies, but it's a letter reflecting the resolution 14 of the motion to strike issues for issue I-5, 15 regarding the use of Internet traffic. It's a 16 | letter, as indicated on Wednesday last week, this does not resolve I-5 between Verizon and Cox, but 18 | it does take that one issue out. The question of 19 whether the Internet traffic definitions was 20 correct.

21 MS. FARROBA: Could we get you to turn up 22 the volume? It's hard to hear on this end.

MR. HARRINGTON: The second issue is Cox and Verizon that issued I-10 relating to termination--term and termination of the agreement; to the extent that the Commission would like to see the language, I'm sure I will produce a copy of final language for you in the next couple of days.

Great.

MR. DYGERT:

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Also, issue I think at the end of the day on Friday, the parties had raised questions about 10 bringing people here to testify about rights-of-way and whether we could do without the presence of the witnesses, and I think the answer is yes. possible, we would like to have someone by telephone because there are a couple of questions that we may have on one of the 313 issues, but I think we are fine without having the witness here, and the questions, I think, will be minimal.

The only other preliminary issue that I'm aware of right now is that our understanding is we are waiting to hear back from the parties on the scheduling of the cost testimony, and I quess if there are any specific questions that people have

1 about that now, we could try to respond to them, 2 and if not, we would be interested in knowing at some point tomorrow where these discussions stand.

MR. KEFFER: This is Mark Keffer for AT&T. There are--those discussions among the parties are ongoing, and I think we will be able to give you a recommendation later today. I'm hopeful that we will.

And I also have some additional preliminary matters, if this is the appropriate time.

> MR. DYGERT: Sure.

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AT&T and Verizon had been MR. KEFFER: able to settle a handful of issues over the weekend. Those issues are V-15 and VII-17 relating to sale or transfer of exchanges.

> Congratulations. MR. DYGERT:

MR. KEFFER: Also V-11 relating to indemnification for directory listings.

In addition, I have some information that 21∥responds to record data requests from last week that we had re-marked as exhibits. Would it be

appropriate to distribute that information now?

2 MR. DYGERT: Sure.

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MR. KEFFER: You have to help me. I'm not 4 sure what exhibit I'm on. I'm told from the back it's Exhibit 28.

The first one I will ask my associate to distribute. I will have it marked as AT&T Exhibit 28, and it is a response to a question that Verizon posed to Mr. Pfau regarding AT&T personnel with 10 whom Mr. Pfau consulted regarding the New York collaborative.

> (AT&T Exhibit No. 28 was marked for identification.)

So, this is a list of names. MR. KEFFER:

The second and last additional exhibit I 16 would ask to have marked at this time as 17 Exhibit 29, is some revised contract language regarding the termination liability on the special 19∥access arrangements, and it's in response to a 20 discussion that I was having with Ms. Prices on the 21 record the other date. Indicated the transport 22 record and the response.

1 Again, I would ask that be marked as AT&T 2 Exhibit 29. (AT&T Exhibit No. 29 was 3 marked for identification.) 4 5 MR. DYGERT: Thank you. Those are received in the record. 61 (AT&T Exhibit Nos. 29 and 30 7 were admitted into 8 evidence.) 9 Is that from AT&T? MR. DYGERT: 10 AT&T, yes. Thank you. 11 MR. KEFFER: MR. DYGERT: Also going back to Cox's 12 13 | letter submission this morning, J.G., I think you 14 were not around when we were having conversations 15 | last week with the other parties about making sure 16 that we had in one convenient place the most 17 updated version of the contract language, and I 18 think what we want to do, what we planned on doing 19 with WorldCom and Verizon is relying on the DPL to 20 reflect their most up-to-date contract language. 21 MR. HARRINGTON: The language attached to the letter is not Cox's proposal. Cox's proposal

1 has not been changed.

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MR. DYGERT: Thank you.

I quess I should also add MR. HARRINGTON: 4 that we are checking to make sure that our 5 proposal, the language we put in the JDPL is the 6 most current on each issue for Cox, but it's my understanding that in fact it probably is.

> MR. DYGERT: All right.

For purposes of the record, at least, we 10 would like to have it matter that you just 11 delivered to us in the record of the hearing, so I 12 don't know--I guess that would make it Cox 13 Exhibit 3, wouldn't it?

MR. HARRINGTON: I'm working with a person 15 who is numbering things for me who has numbered 16 things for us 3 to 7.

We could do it Number 8 or reintroduce it 18∥at the time we get to the issue V, at which point 19∥it would be easy to put it in the right sequence there.

> MR. DYGERT: Whichever is easier for you.

MR. HARRINGTON: We will also need to take

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1 additional copies to do that with the formal 2 language.

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MR. DYGERT: I wanted to be sure we had it as an actual exhibit in here.

MR. HARRINGTON: We will introduce it as an exhibit at the time we do issue V.

MR. DYGERT: That's it for preliminary matters, unless someone else has something.

Then, are we ready to start the first cross-examination of subpanel one?

MS. FARROBA: Just for purposes of the 12 record, this is subpanel one on network 13 | architecture, which includes issues I-1, I-1-A, I-2, I-3, I-4, III-3, III-3-A, VII-1, and VII-3.

Gentlemen, could we get you each to 16 identify yourselves for the record, please, and then we will have the Court Reporter swear you in.

MR. ARGENBRIGHT: Good morning, Mark 19 Argenbright, with WorldCom.

MR. GRIECO: Don Grieco, WorldCom.

MR. BALL: Gary Ball, WorldCom.

DR. COLLINS: Frank Collins, appearing on

1	behalf of Cox.
2	MR. NURSE: Chris Nurse, AT&T.
3	MR. SCHELL: John Schell, David L.
4	Talbott, AT&T.
5	Whereupon,
6	MARK ARGENBRIGHT
7	DONATO GRIECO
8	GARY BALL
9	FRANCIS COLLINS
10	CHRIS NURSE
11	JOHN D. SCHELL
12	DAVID L. TALBOTT
13	were called for examination by the Commission and,
14	after having been duly sworn by the notary public,
15	were examined and testified as follows:
16	CROSS-EXAMINATION
17	MR. EDWARDS: Good morning, gentleman, I'm
18	Jeff Edwards, with the law firm of Hunton &
19	Williams, representing Verizon.
20	Mr. Talbott, let's begin with you. If you
21	would look at page three of your nonmediation
22	direct testimony, which is Exhibit 3, please.

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Yes, Mr. Edwards. MR. TALBOTT:

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10 | network?

2 MR. EDWARDS: I refer you first to lines

seven and 12. You used the term there "traditional

local telephony paradigm." Do you see that, sir?

MR. TALBOTT: Yes, I do.

MR. EDWARDS: Do you agree with me, Mr.

7 | Talbott in the architectural issues that the 8 Commission faces, those issues have to be resolved 9 on the basis of Verizon's currently deployed

> No, I do not. MR. TALBOTT:

Is it your belief, then, MR. EDWARDS: that those issues or these issues need to be 14 resolved based on a hypothetical network?

> No, I do not. MR. TALBOTT:

MR. EDWARDS: Then, if it's not on the 17 current network and it's not on a hypothetical 18 network, what network do you believe these issues ought to be resolved in the context of?

MR. TALBOTT: Ought to be resolved consistent with the law.

MR. EDWARDS: I understand that, and I

1 think we all agree on that, Mr. Talbott. Му 2 question was specifically to the deployed network 3 that exists in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Do you have an opinion on whether these 5 issues need to be resolved in the context of the 6 currently deployed network that Verizon has in 7 Virginia?

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MR. TALBOTT: No, and I will tend to 9 explain my answer, that we continue to have 10 emerging technologies and new emerging network architectures, and both Verizon and its competitors 12 should be free to deploy networks that are most 13 efficient for the services which they would like to 14 offer in the marketplace and to have limitations 15 placed on those architectures based on existing 16∥architecture such that Verizon has deployed in 17 Virginia, should not constrain competitors or even 18 Verizon from deploying a more efficient 19 architecture, and that's why I do not believe that 20 the current architecture which Verizon has deployed should be a key consideration for resolving this 22 issue.

MR. EDWARDS: In the context of the answer you just gave me, Mr. Talbott, you used the words "most efficient," which is virtually identical to your language on line 18 of page three where you talk with a healthy, efficient, competitive environment.

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In determining the efficiency, it's your belief, isn't is it, that efficiency ought to be 9 viewed from the perspective of the CLEC? 10 correct?

MR. TALBOTT: The Communications Act 12 provides a landscape under which competitors can 13 enter the marketplace, and it provides certain rules under which CLECs can interconnect with Verizon that Verizon does not have reciprocal 16 obligations or reciprocal duties.

So, because the Act favors the CLECs. Because of Verizon's market power, CLECs do have some options to deploy different architectures and interconnect in different methods that may not be available to Verizon under the law.

> MR. EDWARDS: I think we could agree that

1 the Act is intended to promote local market 2 competition, but my question specifically is: 3 | implementing that Act and determining efficiencies, 4 I believe it's your belief as you testified 5 elsewhere that efficiency ought to be viewed from 6 what makes the CLEC most competitive.

MR. TALBOTT: AT&T wants the option to 8 determine for itself what's most efficient for $9 \parallel AT \& T'$ s network. And where we can, we provide 10 | Verizon rights to determine its POI and what's 11 sufficient for Verizon.

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But those are not necessarily reciprocal 13 rights.

> I understand. MR. EDWARDS:

And if there is a tension between those two respective rights, then you believe that tension ought to be resolved in favor of the CLEC; is that correct?

The CLEC should have the MR. TALBOTT: 20 discretion, yes, to choose where and how it will 21|deploy its network to serve its customers.

> MR. EDWARDS: Then do you believe in all

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1 cases that if, in fact, that becomes the touchstone 2 for determining efficiency, that by definition 3 local consumers are benefited?

MR. TALBOTT: Of course. Without that, 5 competition is unlikely to take root in the local 6 telephony mother place.

MR. EDWARDS: So, if that were true, is 8 the converse also true, that then Verizon must 9∥bear, under your paradigm, certain network 10 inefficiencies?

MR. TALBOTT: I don't necessarily agree 12∥with that because Verizon does have certain choices 13 on how it will deploy its network going forward so 14 that it may be the most efficient network for 15 | Verizon, considering the circumstances it finds 16 \itself in.

Those circumstances then, if MR. EDWARDS: that's a qualifier on your statement, you do not 19||believe, do you, that in all circumstances what is 20 efficient for the CLEC is necessarily efficient for 21 | Verizon as the ILEC?

> MR. TALBOTT: I'm not a Verizon engineer,

1 so I don't know that I'm in a position to answer that. 3 MR. EDWARDS: Are you an engineer at all, Mr. Talbott? 4 5 MR. TALBOTT: I have about 12 years of engineering experience at AT&T. 61 7 MR. EDWARDS: Let me hand out what will be marked as Verizon Exhibit 45. 8 | 9 (Verizon Exhibit No. 45 was marked for identification.) 10 MR. EDWARDS: Now, continuing with 11 12 Mr. Talbott, please, as a way of background, if you 13 turn to your Exhibit 3, page 134. Are you there, 14 sir? MR. TALBOTT: Exhibit 3 to my direct 15 16 testimony? MR. EDWARDS: Not Exhibit 3 to your direct 17 testimony. Your direct testimony is Exhibit 3, I 19 believe. 20 MR. TALBOTT: Page again? 21 MR. EDWARDS: 134. 22 MR. TALBOTT: Okay.

MR. EDWARDS: Now, in the context of one 1 of the last answers you gave me, sir, you used the It's an acronym for points of 3 term POI. information; is that correct? 4 MR. TALBOTT: That's correct. 5 6 MR. EDWARDS: And my guess is and your quess is the same; we are going to use that term today frequently? 8 You could bet on it. 9 MR. TALBOTT: I believe so. 10 MR. EDWARDS: Now, there is another term that may also 11 be used today called an IP, which stands for 12 13 | interconnection point. Are you familiar with that? 14 MR. TALBOTT: Yes, I am. MR. EDWARDS: And you would agree with me, 15 16 I believe, that in the context of assessing 17 Verizon's proposals on issue XI, it's important to 18 understand POI and IP; is that correct? recognize you may not agree with it, but in assessing Verizon's proposals, those are two terms 201 that are important to those proposals?

MR. TALBOTT:

I think it's critical that

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the Commission understand the definitions and the distinction of those concerns in the resolution of this issue.

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MR. EDWARDS: All right. Let me ask you again to look at page 134 of your testimony, lines 13 through 15. And there you criticize Verizon for trying to promote an unsupportable position regarding the existence of the term IP distinct from the term POI; is that correct?

> MR. TALBOTT: That's correct.

MR. EDWARDS: If you look at page 135, you 12 criticize Verizon again in lines six through nine for failing to cite a single statute or FCC citation supporting that distinction. Do you see 15 that?

> MR. TALBOTT: Yes, I do.

MR. EDWARDS: What Verizon could have cited, Mr. Talbott, is what's been marked as Exhibit 45, which is your testimony from North Carolina; is that correct?

MR. TALBOTT: That would have been 22 Verizon's choice.

MR. EDWARDS: Let's look at that exhibit for a minute.

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What I have done is I gave you yesterday or your counsel last night the entire set of testimony, and I excerpted it here. Pages two, three and four. You agree with me this is your testimony in North Carolina a year ago; correct?

> It looks familiar. MR. TALBOTT:

MR. EDWARDS: Is it your testimony in 10 North Carolina? In fact this was your pre-filed 11 testimony that was incorporated into the record; 12 correct?

It appears to be. MR. TALBOTT: I wasn't the one who pulled this copy document and copied it, but it appears to be my testimony.

MR. EDWARDS: In fact, I gave your counsel a complete copy of the transcript. Did you see that, sir?

> MR. TALBOTT: Yes.

Let me ask to you look at MR. EDWARDS: page three. At the bottom of the page there, you actually define a POI as a point where two parties'

1 networks physically interconnect; correct?

2 MR. TALBOTT: In the North Carolina

3 testimony I did that.

correct?

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4 MR. EDWARDS: And on page four of that exhibit you made a distinction between POI and IP 6 and defined IP as a point where financial responsibility for network interconnection exists;

> MR. TALBOTT: Yes, I did.

MR. EDWARDS: Then you ask yourself the question, why is this distinction so important? 12 And that's the same distinction you reference on page 134 of your familiar that Verizon is 14∥impermissibly, in your opinion, trying to make; 15 correct?

What is impermissible is not MR. TALBOTT: 17∥the use of the term interconnect point. It is how 18 Verizon has applied the term interconnection point 19∥that is impermissible.

MR. EDWARDS: So now you recognize there 21 is a distinction between POI and IP; is that 22 correct?

MR. TALBOTT: Verizon in its contract language - -

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MR. EDWARDS: Excuse me, Mr. Talbott--it would be much better if you finish your answer. 5 promise I will let you explain.

Yes. Two parties in their MR. TALBOTT: contract language have proposed two different terms in the resolution of this issue and how the parties 9 will interconnect. They have vastly different 10 meanings. And how Verizon using the term interconnection point or applies the term 12 interconnection point in its Virginia contract 13 proposal is vastly different than how AT&T proposed 14 the application of interconnection point in the 15 North Carolina proceeding.

Well, Mr. Talbott, in North MR. EDWARDS: 17 | Carolina you noted the same distinction that 18 | Verizon makes. In fact, on lines 20 to 22 on page 19∥four of that exhibit you admonish the Commission 20 there to be very careful and not confuse those two terms, and here you're saying there is no 22 distinction at all.

MR. TALBOTT: Yeah, the term IP has no 2 further usefulness or relevance to this Commission 3 for resolving this issue, and that is a reason why 4 AT&T is no longer advocating the use of the term 5 interconnection point for use in contract language or for even determining a resolution of this issue. 7 | It's unnecessary.

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And to tell you the truth, we find it AT&T did advocate in a number of state 9 confusing. 10 proceedings the use of the term interconnection 11 point, and to tell you the truth, we found that the 12 Commissions were often confused by having two terms 13 \parallel so similar in meaning almost to the same thing.

And so, last summer, following the FCC's 15 Oklahoma Kansas 271 order where the FCC made pretty 16 clear the relevance of POI, we found it no longer 17∥useful or in our interests to use the term IP, 18 because the term POI has both a function of 19 physical interconnection and financial demarcation 20 to separate the difference between interconnection 21||facilities on originating parties' network, and the 22 payment of reciprocal compensation to the

1 | terminating party. 2 So, because of that, we no longer use the term IP, and I feel that to best represent AT&T's interests, that we won't any longer advocate the position that we did in North Carolina. If I might add also, the position that 6 AT&T took in North Carolina is substantively no 7 8 different than the position AT&T takes here in It's simply a matter of how AT&T used Virqinia. 10 | terminology to describe its position. MR. EDWARDS: And you know how the 11 Commission came out in that decision, don't you, 13 Mr. Talbott? They ruled for Bell South. 14 MR. TALBOTT: I move for the admission of MR. EDWARDS: 15 16 Exhibit 45. MR. DYGERT: Any objection, Mr. Keffer? 17 MR. EDWARDS: Let me hand out what I will 18 19 have marked as Exhibit 46. 20 (Verizon Exhibit No. 46 was marked for identification.) 21

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Does AT&T have an objection

MR. DYGERT:

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1 to the admission of Verizon's Exhibit 45? 2 MS. SCHMIDT: I would like a 3 qualification. Is the exhibit going to be the 4 entire testimony or the pages that are excerpted 5 here? At this point I think it's 6 MR. DYGERT: 7 only the pages that are submitted here. 8 MR. EDWARDS: That's the proposal. 9 I would actually prefer if MS. SCHMIDT: 10 the entire testimony could be made an exhibit 11 because you can't get the gist of it from these 12 three pages, so I would object unless we include 13 all of it. MR. EDWARDS: I did exchange the entire 14 15 volume last night, and I don't have any objection 16 to making copies of the entire exhibit. If you don't, I expect AT&T 17 MR. DYGERT: 18 will. EDWARDS: We will substitute it. 19 20 MR. DYGERT: All right. 21 MS. SCHMIDT: Thank you. 22 MR. DYGERT: Then as modified, Exhibit 45

1	will be accepted.
2	(Verizon Exhibit No. 45 was
3	admitted into evidence.)
4	MR. EDWARDS: I had marked Exhibit 46 for
5	at least demonstrative purposes at the moment,
6	which is a map of Virginia that reflects local
7	serving areas and Verizon LATAs located in
8	Virginia. There's other information also on this
9	map, but those two pieces of information at a
10	minimum are reflected.
11	Do you see that, Mr. Talbott?
12	MR. TALBOTT: Yes, I do.
13	MR. EDWARDS: Had you ever seen this map
14	before?
15	MR. TALBOTT: No.
16	MR. EDWARDS: Had any other witnesses seen
17	this map? Mr. Schell?
18	MR. SCHELL: Yes, sir.
19	MR. EDWARDS: Have you seen this?
20	MR. SCHELL: Yes.
21	MR. EDWARDS: In what context?
22	MR. SCHELL: In doing some research on

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1 local calling areas.

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2 MR. EDWARDS: Is my representation accurate regarding what this map reflects? 3 |

> MR. SCHELL: You mean is the map accurate?

5 MR. EDWARDS: No, my representation of what I think it reflects including local calling areas and LATAs.

MR. SCHELL: I think it's correct on LATAs and it lists the rate centers, but it doesn't 10 | really show what the local calling areas are, per se.

MR. EDWARDS: Why do you say that?

Well, for example, if I MR. SCHELL: 14 looked at Richmond, I couldn't tell exactly what 15 Richmond can call -- what's within Richmond's calling 16 area.

I mean, it doesn't have a lines drawn 18 around the local calling areas.

For example, Richmond has basically local or extended calling throughout most of the LATA in the Verizon territory.

MR. EDWARDS: But extended calling is

1 different than what I'm talking about in terms of 2 the local exchange area; correct?

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MR. SCHELL: Well, but again, Richmond has 4 local calling to Ashland, Goochland, Manakin and 5\|Varina, and there are no particular marks on here 6 to show that.

MR. EDWARDS: All right. Dr. Collins, you 8 had seen this before?

DR. COLLINS: I had a question, and I had 10 | seen information similar to this on this map, but 11 not this map, per se.

MR. EDWARDS: All right. I hope in the context of some of our discussion it will be 14 helpful. If you don't find it, I know some of your exhibits I saw last night, there may be other maps 16 being used and other drawings.

Mr. Talbott, again staying with you, sir, I want to talk a minute about issue XI specifically and the various proposals that have been made with 20 respect to interconnection there.

And I want to take us back for a minute to 22||the time before the Telecommunications Act and

1 local market competition; all right, sir? 2 TALBOTT: All right. 3 MR. EDWARDS: Now, everybody has read the testimony, and they recognize that there is some discussion in Verizon's testimony of an example of calls made from Staunton to Roanoke. 7 familiar with that? I recall that. 8 MR. TALBOTT: 9 MR. EDWARDS: If we look on the map, 10 | Staunton and Roanoke are within the like? Right. 11 MR. TALBOTT: Staunton is in the northeast 12 MR. EDWARDS: 13 portion of that LATA, and Roanoke is in the middle of the LATA. 14 MR. TALBOTT: Yes. 15 In fact, that extends down 16 MR. EDWARDS: to southwestern Virginia. 17 MR. TALBOTT: Yes. 18 19 MR. EDWARDS: Do you know where Norton is? 20 No, I don't. TALBOTT: MR. 21 MR. EDWARDS: In fact, do you know whether 22 | Verizon has facilities down in Norton, Virginia?

Switches? You don't know? 2 MR. TALBOTT: This is a Verizon serving 3 area? 4 MR. EDWARDS: Yes. MR. TALBOTT: Then Verizon would have 5 facilities. 6 MR. EDWARDS: Now, the example in the 7 testimony. Would the same example you agree with me with Staunton down to Norton in the southwestern tip of Virginia if that example has merit? you agree with that? 11 MR. TALBOTT: The Staunton-Roanoke example 12 is more applicable because AT&T has a POI in Roanoke. We wouldn't have one in Norton. MR. EDWARDS: But you could? Under your 15 16 contract, proposed contract language, you could put 17 one wherever you choose; is that correct? That is correct. MR. TALBOTT: 18 happened to have the POI one in Roanoke. 20 MR. EDWARDS: Let's use that. 21 Prior to competition, prior to local 22 market competition, let's say there is a Staunton

caller area A and Staunton call area B, both of 2 whom are Verizon customers, competition.

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Would you agree with me that when Staunton caller A calls Staunton caller B that, generally 5 speaking, that call stays within the Staunton local calling area and does not go outside that area?

MR. TALBOTT: The way most incumbent LECs had designed and still continue to design their work is the preponderance of traffic is exchanged 10 | locally within the local calling area, but that is 11 not always the case.

For example, there are far more local calling areas than there are local tandems, which when trunks between two local switches are busy during the busy hour, normally the most efficient way to get the traffic is to route it through a local tandem.

And you will find not only in Virginia, 19∥but I think across the United States that there are 20∥fewer local tandems than local calling areas, which 21∥means that Verizon, for its own efficiencies and 22 for its own purposes during busy hours, routes

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1 traffic outside of the local calling area in order 2 to complete it.

My question actually had the MR. EDWARDS: qualifier generally in it, and I believe you used 5 the term perhaps preponderance; correct?

MR. TALBOTT: That would be the most 7 defficient of ways to have the preponderance of 8 local switched remain in the local calling area.

MR. EDWARDS: Then prior to competition, 10 both of those customers presumably would be 11 compensating Verizon through their payment for 12 basic local telephone service; correct?

MR. TALBOTT: That, and I guess also the exchange access charges that Verizon collects from 15 IXCs from customers per long distance.

MR. EDWARDS: I'm just talking about local calls at the moment, all right, sir?

Now, let's go to post-competition scenario one, and to look at that, do you have a copy of the 20 JDPL up there?

> No, I do not. MR. TALBOTT:

(Document handed to Mr. Talbott.)

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Let me ask you to look at 1 MR. EDWARDS: 2 page two of the JDPL. This is the network architecture to JDPL. 3 Had you seen this document before, 4 5 Mr. Talbott? MR. TALBOTT: No, I haven't, but I'm 6 7 | somewhat familiar with the contract proposal between AT&T and Verizon. 9 MR. EDWARDS: You will see at the top of 10 the page petitioner's proposed contract language in 11 the third column from the left, and there is 12 contract language there that's in italics. Do you 13 see that? 14 MR. TALBOTT: 11 and 12 and 13? Yes, sir. 15 MR. EDWARDS: Yes, I see that. 16 MR. TALBOTT: 17 MR. EDWARDS: The language that's italicized is AT&T proposed contract language. Do 19 you recognize that language? 20 MR. TALBOTT: Yes, sir. 21 Look at 1.2 there. MR. EDWARDS: This 22||language deals with AT&T establishing a POI within

1 a LATA; is that correct? 2 MR. TALBOTT: Yes, it does. MR. EDWARDS: And earlier you said that 3 the AT&T had a switch in Roanoke, and I said it $5 \| doesn't have to put it there. In fact, their$ 6 language gives AT&T the sole discretion to locate 7 its POI within a LATA? At any technically feasible 8 MR. TALBOTT: 9 point on AT&T's LATA. MR. EDWARDS: There is a reference there 10 to the acronym ESIT. Do you know what that means? 12 MR. TALBOTT: Exchange service 13 interconnection traffic. That acronym is simply local and intra-LATA toll traffic collectively 15 l together. That's what it means. It's local traffic and MR. EDWARDS: 16 17 intra-LATA toll? 18

MR. TALBOTT: The reason for that is both classes of traffic are handled in both parties'
networks over the same transmission facilities and switching facilities, so the two types of traffic are handled identical, so we had a term so rather

1 than say local and intra-LATA control over and over 2 again, we said ESIT.

MR. EDWARDS: Okay. This 1.3 of AT&T's proposed language deals with establishing the local of the AT&T POI; correct?

> MR. TALBOTT: 1.3?

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MR. EDWARDS: Yes.

MR. TALBOTT: No, it would establish the parameters for a POI for its question.

10 MR. EDWARDS: The question is, is that the AT&T POI or the Verizon POI?

That would be the Verizon MR. TALBOTT: POI on the AT&T network. That's the point at which Verizon would interconnect to AT&T the delivery of 15 traffic originating on its network.

If I might add, AT&T and Verizon has come 17 to agreement to each party could use one-way trunks 18 so that the transmission facilities AT&T would use 19 to deliver traffic to Verizon would be different 20 and could be different, most likely would be different than the transmission facility Verizon 22 would use to deliver traffic to AT&T, thereby